





SHELTER

stay dry on the move



COMMUNICATION

how will you stay in touch



LIGHT

don't rely on electricity or batteries



PAG	CKING
☐ Zip-Lock Bags	Keep your items dry and organized.
☐ Large Backpack / Bag with Wheels	Be ready to evacuate quickly if needed.
FOOD (1,000 Cal Per-	-Person, Per-Day for 7 Days)
MRE Rations	Long shelf life, no refrigeration, easy to transport.
Cook-in-pouch Meals	Requires camp stove, but a hot meal means a lot.
☐ Canned Food	Heavy and less efficient, but better than nothing.
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WATER (1 Gal Per-P	Person, Per-Day for 7 Days)
☐ Bagged Water	Clean and sealed good for 5+ years.
Water Purification Tablets	The key to water self-sufficiency.
□ <u>Water Carrier</u>	Necessary to store purified water.
Water Filtration Bottle	The most convenient way to be self-sufficient.
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FIRST AII	D + HYGIENE
Prescription Medication	The pharmacy won't be open, so pack extra.
First-Aid Kit	Big enough to matter, small enough to be portable.
☐ Water Carrier	Hygiene is super important after an emergency.
☐ Water Filtration Bottle	Staying clean is essential.
Soap / Wash Cloth	After a week on the move, you'll appreciate it.
Maxi Pads	Often overlooked, but very important.
Pocket Tissues / Toilet Paper	Small but vital.
☐ Waste Bags	Improper waste disposal means disease and infection.
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LIGHT + CO	MMUNICATION
	Crucial maybe the most important tool to have.
Hand Crank Flashlight / Radio / Phone Charger	
Solar Panel Candles	Keeps electronics charged when power is out.
☐ Clave Chiele	No power, no light.
Glow Stick	The most convenient way to be self-sufficient.

Very helpful for signaling.

Call for help, or get someone's attention.

Whistle

Waterproof Matches



SHE	ELTER + WARMTH
Poncho	Staying dry is fundamental.
☐ Mylar Sleeping Bag / Blanket	Help retain 90% of body heat, but ultra light.
☐ Hand / Body Warmers	A warmth kickstart on cold nights outside.
TO	OOLS + SAFETY
□ N95 Dust Mask	Earthquakes release asbestos and alkaline dust.
☐ Safety Goggles	Necessary for safely cleaning up rubble + debris.
Rope	Build shelters, clotheslines, or secure items.
Swiss Army Knife / Multi-tool	Be ready for everything and anything.
☐ Sewing Kit	Fix torn clothing or stitch a wound
Leather Palm Gloves	A must for cleaning up rubble + debris.
	DOCUMENTS
☐ Emergency Contact Form	How many numbers do you know by heart?
☐ Insurance Records	You'll need evidence in the aftermath.
☐ Bank Records	If banks aren't accessible, you'll want proof.
☐ Local Map	No Google maps, so back to paper to navigate.
	MICC
	MISC.
☐ Cash	Cash is king in an emergency. Pack small bills.
☐ Playing Cards	To pass the time and keep the crew happy.
☐ Note Pad / Pencil	Leave a note or keep track.
ШС	SH-VALUE TOOLS
☐ Gas-Shutoff Tool	Avoid broken gas lines + fire damage.
Pry Bar	You'll need leverage to move large debris.
Hatchet	Cut firewood or break through debris.
Fire Flint Starter	Matches run out.
Fire Extinguisher Corporate Changle (Corporate)	Fires can be the most dangerous.
Compact Shovel /Saw	Saw blade and shovel, but super lightweight.
☐ Dry Bag	Seal up your supplies to keep them dry.
□ Tarp	Build shelter to stay dry and warm.



Preparing your family for an emergency can be intimidating, but we've done the work for you. We scoured advice from top emergency experts and highlighted the 3 basic steps they all recommend. It doesn't take long your family will be much safer for it, and you'll rest easy knowing you've checked it off your list.

FIRST STEP BUILD YOUR PLAN

Call a family meeting to nail down your plan of action!

- Fill out your <u>Emergency Communication Card</u> (link) and print a copy for each family member. Getting in touch is hard after an earthquake, so it's important to be on the same page literally.
- 2. Identify your home's "Safe Spots". Look for desks, tables, and strong furniture to take cover under. Avoid exterior walls, windows, and anything that can fall on you. Assume the ceiling will fall, and find a place you'll be protected.
- 3. Review evacuation routes from your home. Know 2 ways out of each room
- 4. Choose your meetup place, and plan how to get there from school, work, home, or anywhere each of you spends time.

SECOND STEP GATHER EMERGENCY SUPPLIES

Make sure you have the <u>essentials</u> to be self-sufficient for at least 3-7 days. See our Ultimate Checklist on the previous page!

Categorically, you need to have the following:

- Bag to carry supplies in
- 2. Food + Water
- 3. First Aid + Hygiene
- 4. <u>Light + Communication</u>

THIRD STEP PRACTICE YOUR FAMILY PLAN

Having a plan * supplies is key, but it's so important to rehearse. People panic in an emergency unless they know the game plan, inside-and-out. Practice makes it easier to keep a clear head.

- 1. Run an earthquake drill and go through every step you've planned.
- 2. Show every family member where to find your earthquake bag.
- 3. Train everyone on how to turn off water + gas lines, and when to do it.
- 4. Teach each family member how to use a fire extinguisher.
- 5. Quiz each other on Safe Spots, Meetup Place, and Supplies locations.

Want to Learn More? Get more smart emergency prep info on The Earthquake Blog
Want All These Items In One Place? Get your Earthquake Bag in under 5 mins
Missed the Communication Card link? Print yours out HERE